

2

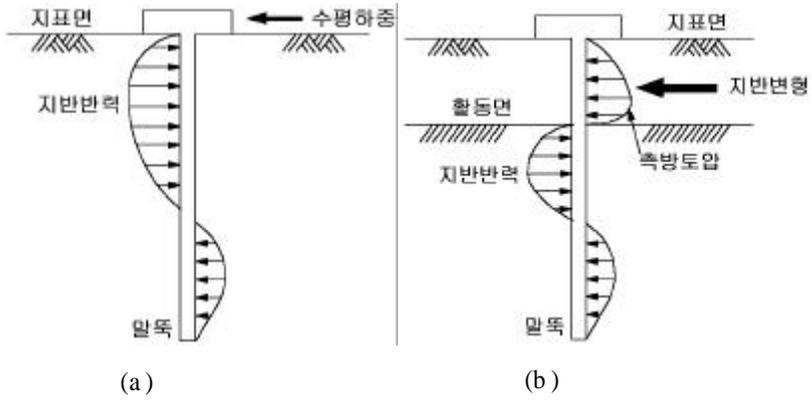
2.1

2.1

(active pile)

(passive pile)

(, 1983).



2.1

2.1(a)

가

가

2.1(b)

가

가

2.1.1

- 가 .
- 가
가
- 가 ,
- 가 가 .
- 가
- (1)
- (2)
- 가
- (3)
- 가 가
- (4)
- 가 ,
- (5)
- 가
- (6)

(2)

가

(3)

(Landing pier) Dolphin

(4)

가

가

(5)

Anchor wire Tie rod

Anchor wire Tie rod

가

2.2

()

가 . ,

가 .

(1) :

(2) : Winkler

(3) : 가

(4) :

가 .

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

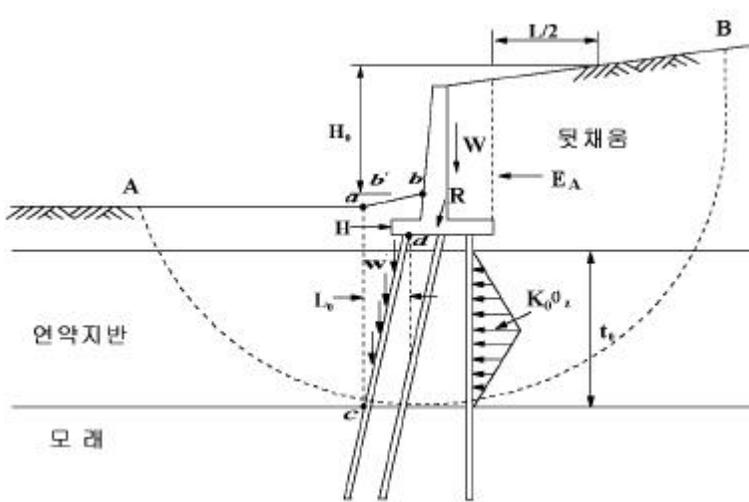
2.2.1

가. T schebotarioff

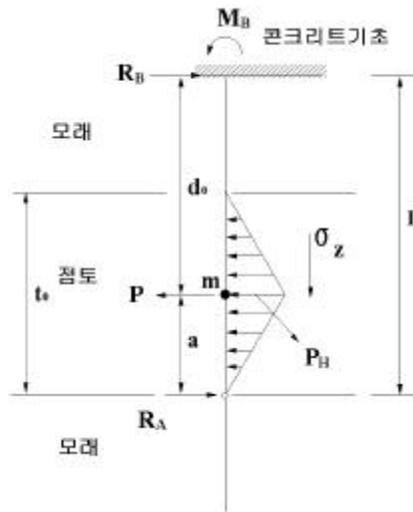
T schebotarioff(1973) 2.2(a)

, ,

T schebotarioff 2.2(b)



(a)



(b)

2.2 Tschebotarioff

$$P_H, M_B$$

$$P_H = 0.8 d H' \quad (2.1)$$

$$M_B = - \frac{(P a (L^2 - a^2))}{2 L} \quad (2.2)$$

, d , , H' ,

$$M_m = (P \times \frac{a}{2}) (2 - \frac{3a}{L} + \frac{a^3}{L^3}) \quad (2.3)$$

, P P_H 2.4 .

$$P = 0.9 P_H \frac{t}{2} \quad (2.4)$$

L 2.2(b) ,

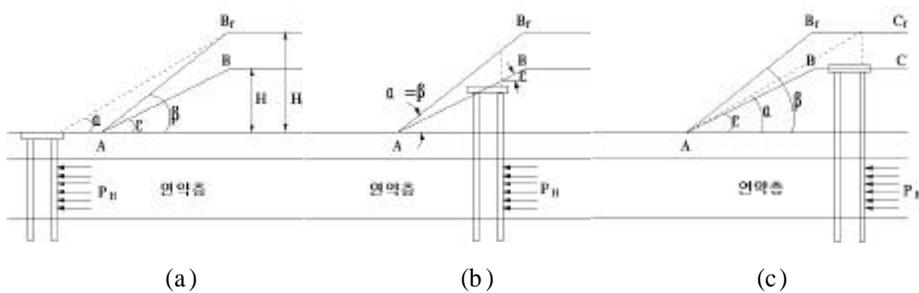
, a , t .

. De Beer and Wallays

De Beer and Wallays(1972)

, $(F_s)_{slope}$ 가 1.6

(1) $(F_s)_{slope}$ 1.6



2.3 De Beer and Wallays $(F_s)_{slope}$ 1.6

P

P_h

$$P_h = f - p \tag{2.5}$$

$$f = \frac{\left(- \frac{\phi}{2} \right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\phi}{2} \right)} \tag{2.6}$$

2.3

H_f 가 (2.7)

$$H_f = \frac{H}{1.8^k} \tag{2.7}$$

, 가 (2.4)

(2) $(F_s)_{slope} < 1.6$

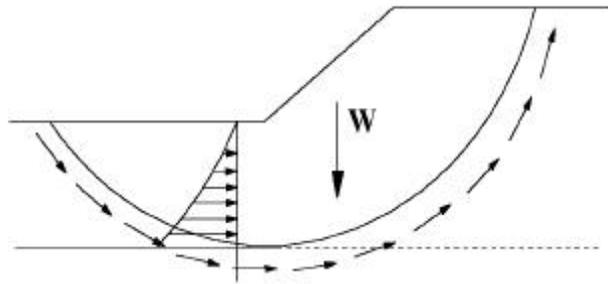
1.6 가 , 2.4(a) 가

(b)

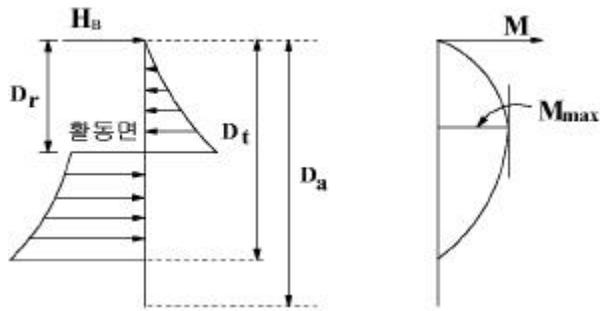
Brinch Hansen

H_B D_r

(c)



(a)



(b)

(c)

2.4 De Beer and Wallays $((F_s)_{\text{slope}} < 1.6)$

2.2.2

Marche(1973)

$$E_p I_p \frac{d^4 y}{dz^4} = P = k_h (y - y_s) \quad (2.8)$$

, $E_p I_p$, y , z , y_s , k_h

$$z = (y - y_s)$$

2.2.3

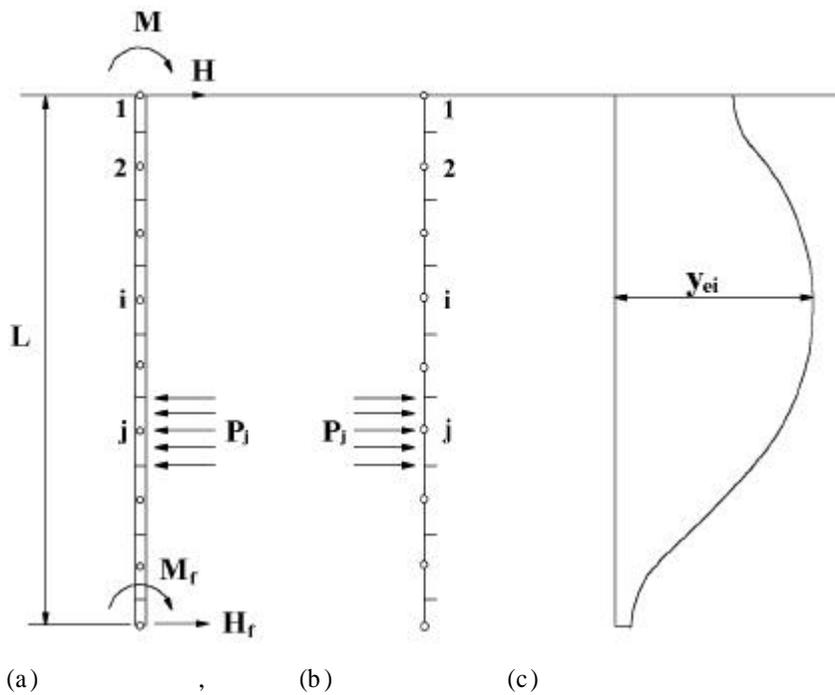
Poulos (1973)

2.5

n

(2.9)

$$[D] \{y\} = - \frac{d L^4}{E_p I_p} \{P\} \quad (2.9)$$



2.5 Poulos

$$\{y\}, \{P\}, [D]$$

$$, E_p I_p, d, L \quad (2.10)$$

$$\{y\} = \frac{d}{E_{sr}} \left\{ \frac{E_{sr}}{E_s} \right\} [I] \{P\} + \{y_e\} \quad (2.10)$$

$$\left(\frac{E_{sr}}{E_s} \right), \left(\frac{E_{sr}}{E_s} \right) [I] \quad (\text{Mindlin})$$

$$), \{y_e\}$$

$$[D + k_R n^4] \{y\} = [] / (k_R n^4) \{y_e\} \quad (2.11)$$

$$, [] = []^{-1} \quad k_R = E_p I_p / E_{sr} L^4$$

2.2.4

- bilinear, multilinear, hyperbolic

. Moser(1973)

- multilinear

F.E.M

가

2.3

2.3.1

(Ultimate lateral resistance) 2.6

H M
 가
 가
 M_u 2.6 Z_r H_u

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$H_u - \int_0^{Z_r} P_u dz + \int_{Z_r}^L P_u dz = 0 \quad (2.12)$$

$$\sum M_y = 0$$

$$H_u e + \int_0^{Z_r} P_u z dz - \int_{Z_r}^L P_u z dz = 0 \quad (2.13)$$

, d , L , P_u
 , z . P_u 가
 Z_r H_u
 Z_r 가
 0
 (2.12)

가 P_o = P_L = P_u Z_r, H_u M_u

(2.12) (2.13)

$$Z_r = 1/2 (H_u / (P_u d) + L) \tag{2.14}$$

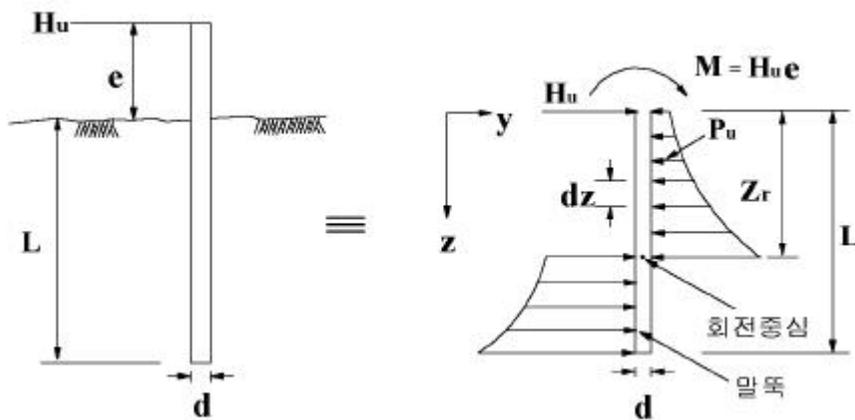
$$M_u = H_u e = (P_u L^2 d / 4) [1 - 2H_u / (P_u L d) - (H_u / (P_u L d))^2] \tag{2.15}$$

$$H_u = P_u L d [\sqrt{((1 + 2e/L)^2 + 1) - (1 + 2e/L)}] \tag{2.16}$$

가 (P₀ , P_L) (2.12)

(2.13)

$$4\left(\frac{Z_r}{L}\right)^3 + 6\left(\frac{Z_r}{L}\right)^2\left(\frac{e}{L} + \frac{P_0}{(P_L - P_0)}\right) + 12\frac{P_0}{(P_L - P_0)}\left(\frac{e}{L}\right)\left(\frac{Z_r}{L}\right) - 3\frac{e}{L}\frac{(P_0 + P_L)}{(P_L - P_0)} - \frac{(2P_L + P_0)}{(P_L - P_0)} = 0 \tag{2.17}$$



2.6

$$H_u = P_L L d \left[\left(1 - \frac{P_0}{P_L}\right) \left(\frac{Z_r}{L}\right)^2 + 2 \frac{P_0}{P_L} \left(\frac{Z_r}{L}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + \frac{P_0}{P_L}\right) \right] \quad (2.18)$$

Brinch

Hansen(Poulos & Davis, 1980) Broms(1964)

(1) Brinch Hansen

(c - ϕ) 가 .
 가 .
 가 .

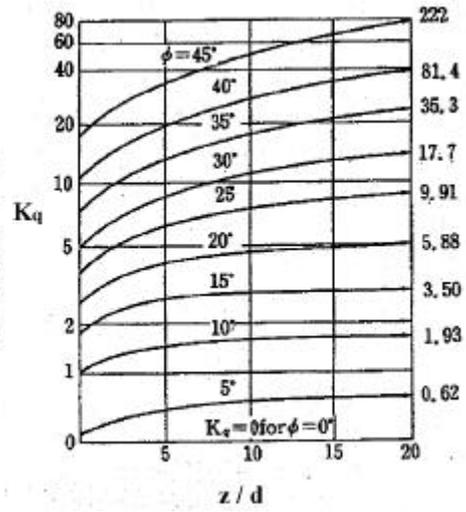
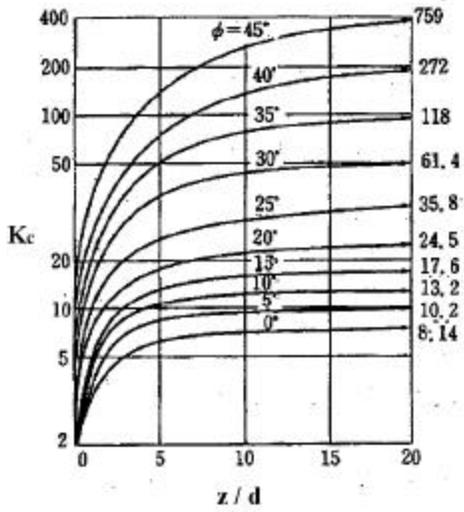
(2) Broms

가 .
 (ϕ = 0) (c = 0) 가 .
 가 .
 (c - ϕ) 가 .

2.3.2 Brinch Hansen

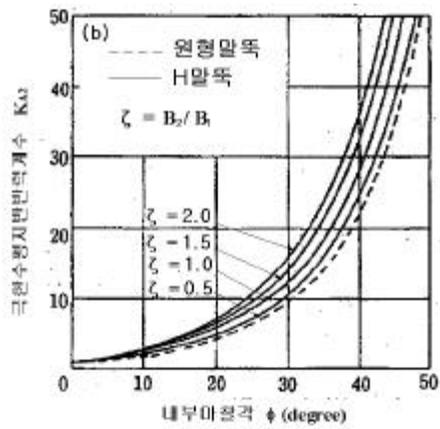
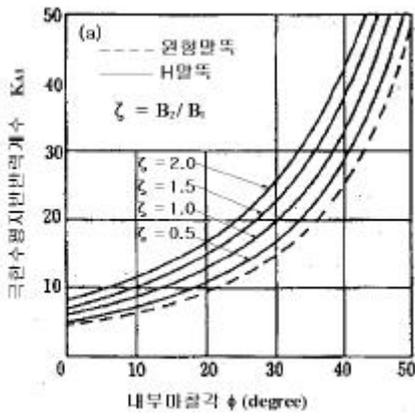
Brinch Hansen

(c - ϕ)
 .(Poulos & Davis,1980)



2.7 Brinch Hansen

$K_c \quad K_q$



2.8

$K_{A1} \quad K_{A2}$

$$P_u = K_c c + K_q q \quad (2.19)$$

$q \quad c \quad K_c \quad K_q \quad \phi \quad z/d$

2.7 . (2.19)

(2.13) 0 Z_r (2.)

12)
$$z \quad H_u \quad . \quad (2.19)$$

가

$$c_u (\phi_u = 0)$$

$$c' \quad \phi' \quad . \quad \text{洪元杓 Mohr-Coulomb}$$

$$(2.20) \quad .(\quad ,$$

1984 ; & , 1987)

$$P_u = K_{A1} c + K_{A2} q \quad (2.20)$$

$$K_{A1} \quad K_{A2}$$

2.8

$$(2.20) \quad \text{가}$$

$$(2.20) \quad (2.17) \quad (2.18) \quad Z_r$$

H_u .

2.3.3 Broms

가

(restained or unrotated

head, (fixed head)) 가

가 .(Broms, 1964)

$$(c=0) \quad (\phi = 0)$$

(short rigid pile)

(long flexible pile)

$$L/T \geq 4 \quad L/R \geq 3.5 \quad , \quad L/T \leq 2 \quad L/R < 2$$

$$T = (E_p I_p / n_h)^{1/5} \tag{2.21a}$$

$$R = (E_p I_p / k_h)^{1/4} \tag{2.21b}$$

$$E_p =$$

$$I_p = \quad 2$$

$$k_h = n_h z \quad : \quad \text{가}$$

$$= k \quad :$$

$$n_h =$$

2.3.4

洪元杓 (2.20) Broms Broms

Broms

.(& , 1987)

Engel, Raes, 岡部 Sniko ,

.(横山辛満, 1978) Engel

2 가 .

Raes

2.4

2.4.1

가 ,

,
.

가 가 ,
가 ,

,

()

, ,

(, 1982a,

1982b, 1984a, 1984b, 1984c, 1984d ; Matsui et al., 1982a).

가 , ,
가 가 0
가

가

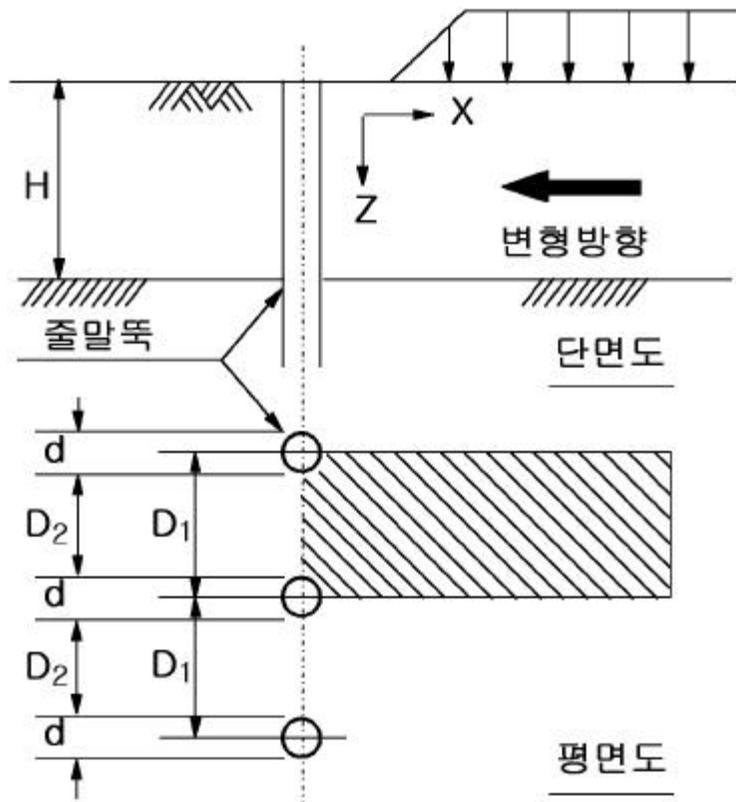
가

가

가

가

가



2.9

Mohr - Coulomb

가

가

가

가

2.9 H

2.9

2.10

2.10

2.4.2

(2.38)

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(z) = & \left[D_1 \left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} \left\{ \exp \left(2\xi \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} G_3(\phi) - 1 \right) + \frac{G_2(\phi)}{G_1(\phi)} \right\} \right. \\
 & \left. - D_1 \frac{G_2(\phi)}{G_1(\phi)} \right] c + \left[D_1 \left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} \exp \left(2\xi \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} G_3(\phi) \right) \right. \\
 & \left. - D_2 \right] \sigma_H(z)
 \end{aligned} \quad (2.38)$$

$$G_1(\phi) = N_\phi^{1/2} \tan \phi + N_\phi - 1 \quad G_2(\phi) = 2 \tan \phi + 2N_\phi^{1/2} + N_\phi^{-1/2}$$

$$G_3(\phi) = N_\phi \tan \phi_0 \quad G_4(\phi) = 2N_\phi \tan \phi_0 + c_0 / c$$

$$N_\phi = \tan^2(\pi/4 + \phi/2)$$

$$D_1 = \quad D_2 =$$

$$c, \phi = \quad \gamma =$$

$$z = \quad \xi =$$

(2.39)

$$p(z)/B_0 = K_{p1} c + K_{p2} \sigma_H(z) \quad (2.39)$$

$$, B_0 \quad 2.17(a)$$

$$d \quad , \quad 2.17(b)$$

$$B_1 \quad , \quad \sigma_H(z)$$

$$. \quad K_{p1} \quad K_{p2}$$

(2.40)

$$K_{p1} = \frac{1}{1 - D_2/D_1} \left[\left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} \left(\frac{G_4(\phi)}{G_3(\phi)} \left(\exp \left(2\xi \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} \right) \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \left. G_3(\phi) - 1 \right) + \frac{G_2(\phi)}{G_1(\phi)} \right) - \frac{G_2(\phi)}{G_1(\phi)} \right] \quad (2.40)$$

$$K_{p2} = \frac{1}{1 - D_2/D_1} \left[\left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} \left(\exp \left(2\xi \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} \right) G_3(\phi) - \frac{D_2}{D_1} \right) \right]$$

$$, \quad G_1(\phi), \quad G_2(\phi), \quad G_3(\phi) \quad G_4(\phi) \quad 2.1 \quad \xi$$

2.2 .

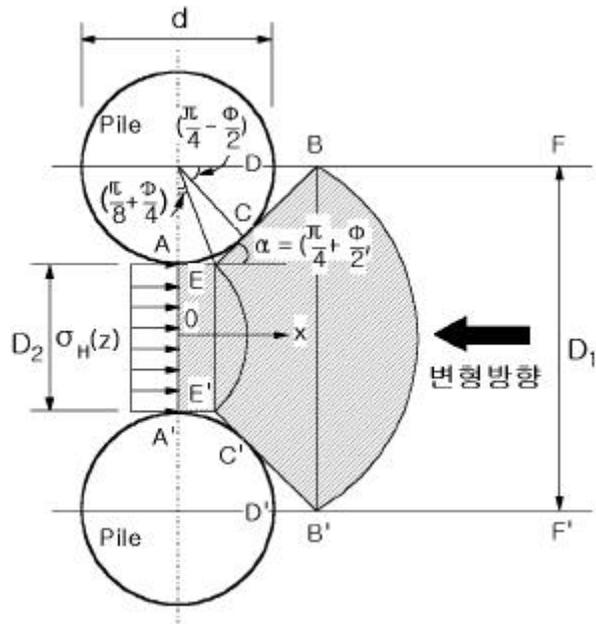
$$0 \quad (2.39) \quad c = 0 \quad p/B_0$$

$$\sigma_H(z)$$

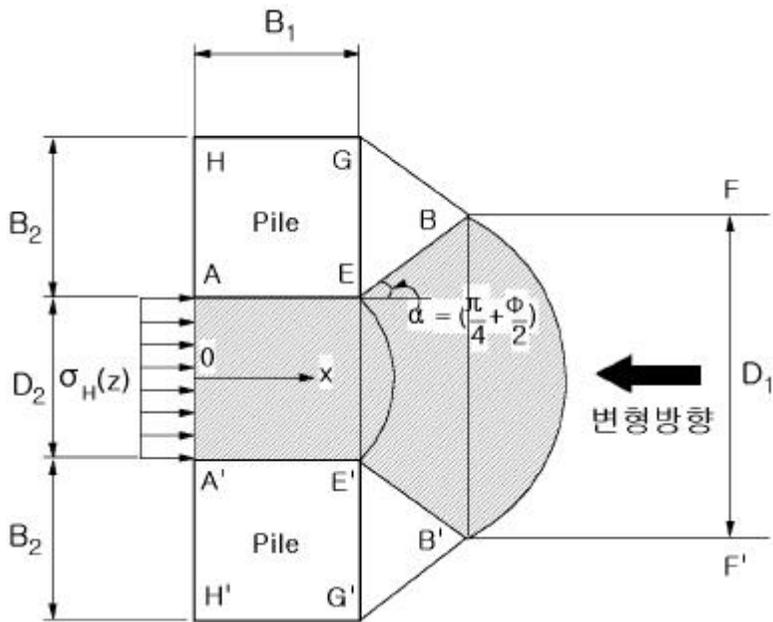
$$\frac{p(z)}{B_0} = K_{p2} \sigma_H(z) \quad (2.41)$$

ϕ 가 0

$$p(z) = cD_1 \left(3 \ln \frac{D_1}{D_2} + 2\xi \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} \frac{c_0}{c} \right) + (D_1 - D_2) \sigma_H(z) \quad (2.42)$$



(a)



(b)

2.10

$$(2.42) \quad B_0 \quad (2.39)$$

$$K_{p1} \quad K_{p2}$$

$$K_{p1} = \frac{1}{1 - D_2/D_1} \left(3 \ln \frac{D_1}{D_2} + 2\xi \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} \frac{c_0}{c} \right) \quad (2.43)$$

$$K_{p2} = 1$$

$$(2.43) \quad K_{p1} \quad (2.40) \quad \phi = 0$$

$$K_{p1} \quad (2.40) \quad \phi = 0$$

$$(2.43) \quad K_{p2} \quad (2.40)$$

$$K_{p1} \quad K_{p2}$$

2.1

$$2.1 \quad K_{p1} \quad K_{p2}$$

	K_{p1}		K_{p2}
	$\phi = 0$	$\phi = 0$	
	$\frac{1}{1 - D_2/D_1} \left[\left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} \left(\frac{G_4(\phi)}{G_3(\phi)} \right) \right. \\ \left. \left(\exp \left(2 \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} G_3(\phi) \right) - 1 \right) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{G_2(\phi)}{G_1(\phi)} + \frac{G_2(\phi)}{G_1(\phi)} \right]$	$\frac{1}{1 - D_2/D_1} \left(3 \ln \frac{D_1}{D_2} + 2\xi \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} \frac{c_0}{c} \right)$	$\frac{1}{1 - D_2/D_1} \left[\left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} \right. \\ \left. \left(\exp \left(2 \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} G_3(\phi) \right) - \frac{D_2}{D_1} \right) \right]$
	$G_2(\phi) + 2 G_4(\phi)$		$G_1(\phi) + 2 G_3(\phi) + 1$
	$G_1(\phi) = N^{\phi/2} \tan \phi + N^{\phi - 1}, \quad G_2(\phi) = 2 \tan \phi + 2N^{\phi/2} + N^{\phi - 1/2}$ $G_3(\phi) = N^{\phi} \tan \phi_0, \quad G_4(\phi) = 2N^{\phi/2} \tan \phi_0 + c_0/c, \quad N^{\phi} = \tan^2(\phi/4 + \phi/2)$ $H \quad \phi_0 = \phi, \quad c_0 = c$		

가.

2.11

4가 가 . 2.11(a)

가

$$\xi (= t_0 / B_1) = 0$$

$$(2.44) \quad (2.46) \quad , \quad \overline{AE} \quad \overline{A'E'}$$

$$\xi = 0$$

$$p(z) = cD_1 \frac{G_2(\phi)}{G_1(\phi)} \left[\left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} - 1 \right] + [D_1 \left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} - D_2] \sigma_H(z) \quad (2.44)$$

$$c = 0$$

$$p(z) = D_1 \left[\left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} - D_2 \right] \sigma_H(z) \quad (2.45)$$

$$\phi = 0$$

$$p(z) = 3cD_1 \ln \frac{D_1}{D_2} + (D_1 - D_2) \sigma_H(z) \quad (2.46)$$

$$B_2/t_0 \text{가} \quad D_2 \quad D_1 - t_0 \text{가}$$

$$2.11(b) \quad B_1 \times B_1 \quad , \quad \overline{AE} \quad B_1$$

$$\xi = 1 \quad (2.47) \quad (2.49)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
p(z) = & c \left[D_1 \left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} \left(\frac{G_4(\phi)}{G_3(\phi)} \left(\exp \left(2 \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} \times G_3(\phi) \right) - 1 \right) \right. \right. \\
& + \left. \left. \frac{G_2(\phi)}{G_1(\phi)} \right) - D_1 \frac{G_2(\phi)}{G_1(\phi)} \right] \\
& + \left[D_1 \left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} \left(\exp \left(2 \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} G_3(\phi) \right) - D_2 \right] \sigma_H(z)
\end{aligned} \tag{2.47}$$

$$c = 0$$

$$p(z) = \left[D_1 \left(\frac{D_1}{D_2} \right)^{G_1(\phi)} \exp \left(2 \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} G_3(\phi) \right) - D_2 \right] \sigma_H(z) \tag{2.48}$$

$$\phi = 0$$

$$p(z) = c D_1 \left(3 \ln \frac{D_1}{D_2} + 2 \frac{D_1 - D_2}{D_2} \frac{c_0}{c} \right) + (D_1 - D_2) \sigma_H(z) \tag{2.49}$$

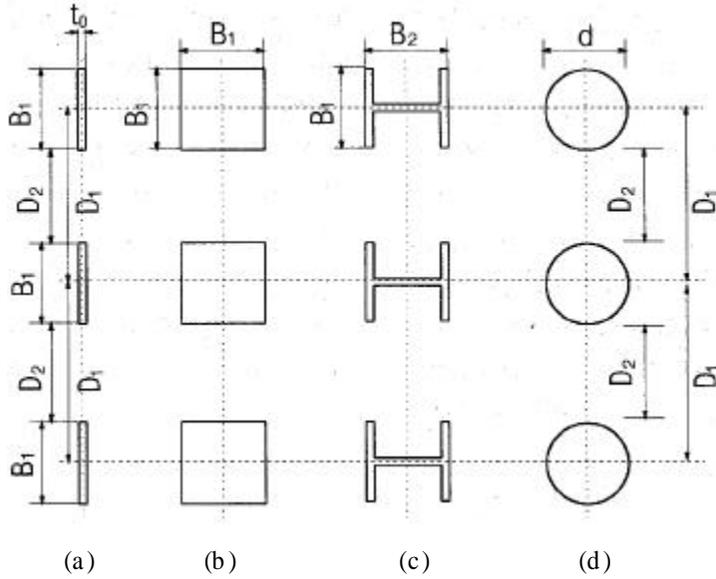
2.11(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \dots, \quad c_0 \quad \phi_0 \\
& c \quad \phi \quad G_3(\phi) = N_\phi \tan \phi \\
G_4(\phi) = & 2N_\phi^{\frac{1}{2}} \tan \phi + 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$2.11(d) \quad 2.10(a) \quad 1/2 (D_1 - D_2) \tan (\pi/8 + \phi/4) \quad (\overline{A'E'})$$

$$\overline{AE} \quad 1/2 \tan (\pi/8 + \phi/4)$$

2.2



2.11

2.2

ξ

			H	
(ξ)	0	1	B_2/B_1	$\frac{1}{2} \tan(\frac{\pi}{8} + \frac{\phi}{4})$

가 0 (2.38) (2.39)

가

가

가

가

α_m (2.50)

$$p_m(z) = \alpha_m \times p(z) \quad (2.50)$$

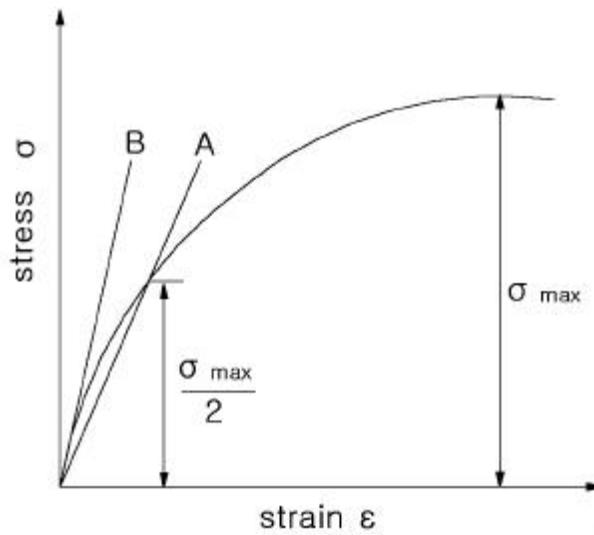
, α_m 가 $(0 < \alpha_m < 1)$.

2.4.3

2.12 - OB
 (E_i) OA
 가 1/2
 가 E_{50} E_s (,
 1992 ; , 1992). , Wu(1966) E_s
 - 1%

Schultze & Mezler(1965) Bowles(1982)가

2.3, 2.4



2.12

2.3

(Schultze & Mezler, 1965)

		E_s (kg/cm ²)		
		800	2,000	1,500
		400	1,000	500
		-	-	200
		10	500	50

2.4

 E_s (Bowles, 1982)

	SPT	CPT
()	$E_s = 500(N + 15)$ $E_s = 1,800 + 750N$ $E_s = (15,000 - 22,000) \ln N$	$E_s = (2 - 4) q_c$ $E_s = 2(1 + D_r^2) q_c$
()	$E_s = 40,000 + 1,050N$	$E_s = (6 - 30) q_c$
	$E_s = 320(N + 15)$	$E_s = (3 - 6) q_c$
	$E_s = 300(N + 6)$	$E_s = (1 - 2) q_c$
,	$E_s = 1,200(N + 6)$	
		$E_s = (3 - 8) q_c$
(S_u)		
	$I_p > 30$, $I_p < 30$, $1 < OCR < 2$ $OCR > 2$	$E_s = (100 - 500) S_u$ $E_s = (500 - 1,500) S_u$ $E_s = (800 - 1,200) S_u$ $E_s = (1,500 - 2,000) S_u$

, E_s (2.51) (Peck & Davisson, 1962).

$$E_s = 15 c_u \quad 95 c_u \quad (2.51)$$

, c_u .
 $15 c_u$, $95 c_u$
 . (2.52) .

$$E_s = 40 c_u \quad (2.52)$$

2.5 E_s (Poulos, 1971)

	(t/m ²)	(t/m ²)
	90 120	175
	210 420	350
	420 980	700

, Poulos(1971) 2.5
 . Ladd(1965)

, 가 E_s 가 .
 E_s c_u
 (2.53) 가 .

$$E_s = (250 \quad 500) c_u \quad (2.53)$$

, c_u : (kg/cm²)

渡邊(1966) $E_s = q_u$ (2.54)

$$E_s = \frac{1}{3.5}(q_u - 0.04) \quad (2.54)$$

竹中 $E_i = c_u$

$$E_i = 210 c_u \quad (2.55)$$

MIT

$E_i = c_u$

$$E_i = 1,200 c_u \quad (2.56)$$

가

(, 1992 ; , 1992).

$q_c = 3 \cdot 24$

2.5 18

$$E_i = 6.3q_c, \quad E_i = 7.6q_c$$

$q_c = 2.5 \cdot 24$

$$E_i = 6.8q_c$$

가 2 14kg/cm²

가 20

50kg/cm² ,
 가 6 40kg/cm²

가 2 10kg/cm²

가

Bowles(1982)

$$E_i = 6 \ 8 \ q_c$$

2.6

2.6

(2 , 1994)

	$E_i = 148c_u$	$E_i = 80 \ 320 \ c_u$
	$E_i = 191c_u$	$E_i = 50 \ 400 \ c_u$
	$E_i = 164c_u$	$E_i = 50 \ 400 \ c_u$