3

3.1

(Limit Equilibrium Method)

가 , Coulomb 가 , 가 .

가 .

가 가

$\phi = 0$, Fellenius , Bishop , Janbu , Spencer , Morgenstern and Price , (GLE) , 4가 가 .(Duncan & Wright, 1980)

1) F 가 . ,

$$F = \frac{S}{\tau} \tag{3.1}$$

, S = (Shear Strength)

$\tau =$ (Shear Stress)

가

가 .

2) - non-brittle , 가

가
(Residual Strength)가 (Peak Strength)

3) τ σ
 σ S

$$S = c + \sigma \cdot \tan \phi \quad (3.2)$$

4) , 가

가

3.1 System

3.1

: $3n$ (, ,)

: $(5n-2)$

:

n (1)

$n-1$ X (1)

$n-1$ E (1)

1

: $(3n-1)$

:

n a (a)

$n-1$ h (h E)

: $(2n-1)$

$(5n-2)$ 가 $(2n-2)$

가 가

가

가

1) $\bar{\sigma}$ a ()
 가 .(n 가 .)

2) θ h 가 $n-1$ 가 $(2n-1)$ 가

, 가 1 .

$$\begin{aligned} &= 5n - 2 \\ &= 3n \\ \text{가} &= 2n - 1 \end{aligned}$$

가

(Linear Method),

가 (Non Linear Method).

3.1

	Sliding block Wedge $\phi_u = 0$ Fellenius
	(GLE) Bishop Janbu Janbu Spencer Morgenstern & Price

3.2

가

Method	Assumption	Factor of safety based on	
		Moment Equilibrium	Force Equilibrium
Fellenius	$X/E = \tan x$		
Simplified Bishop	$X_R - X_L = 0$		
Spencer	$X/E = \tan \theta$		
Janbu's Simplified	$X = 0$		
Janbu's Rigorous	Thrust Line		
Morgenstern & Price	$X/L = \lambda f(x)$		

가

3.3

가

	가
(G.L.E)	$\theta = X / E = \lambda f(x)$
Fellenius	
Bishop	()
Janbu	(가)
Janbu	
Spencer	(=)
Morgenstern and Price	() : $\theta = X / E = \lambda f(x)$, f(x) 가

3.4

=0			×	×	×		
(GLE)						×	
Bishop			×		×		
Janbu							
Janbu		×	×				
Spender						×	
Morgenstern and Price						×	
		×	×				
			-				
		×	×				

3.2

3.2.1

3.2 β (Infinite Slope)

(Skempton & Delory, 1957.)

가

가 . . . ,

가 ,

가 .

3.2 $Q_L = Q_R$ 가

T

3.2 Infinite slope analysis(Haefili, 1948 : Skempton & Delry, 1957)

$$T = W \cdot \sin \beta = \tau \quad (3.3)$$

(3.3)

$$s = \frac{W}{b} \cos \beta \sin \beta \quad (3.4)$$

P

$$P = W \cdot \cos \beta = \sigma \cdot 1 \quad (3.5)$$

(3.5)

$$\sigma = \frac{W}{b} \cos^2 \beta \quad (3.6)$$

$$s = c' + (\sigma - u) \tan \phi' \quad (3.7)$$

$$\tau = \frac{S}{F} \quad (3.8)$$

(3.7)

(3.4)

(3.6)

(3.9)

$$\frac{W}{b} \sin \beta \cos \beta = \frac{1}{F} (c' + [\frac{W}{b} \cos^2 \beta - u] \tan \phi') \quad (3.9)$$

$$F \quad (3.10)$$

$$F = \frac{c' + [\gamma z \cos^2 \beta - u] \tan \phi'}{\gamma z \sin \beta \cos \beta} \quad (3.10)$$

3.2.2 (GLE)

가

3n 가

3.3

$$X_L, X_R : \quad () \quad T_m = \quad l : \quad ()$$

$$P' = p l : \quad () \quad l :$$

$$U = u l : \quad () \quad h : E$$

$E_L, E_R :$ () $W :$ ()

$U_L, U_R :$ () $a : P'$

$\alpha :$ ()

$\theta : E \quad X$ ()

3.4 GLE (Fredlund & Krahn, 1977)

GLE

3.4

P

$$P = [W - (X_R - X_L) - \frac{1}{F} (c'l \sin \alpha - ul \tan \phi' \times \sin \alpha)] / m_\alpha \quad (3.11)$$

$$, m = \cos \left(1 + \tan \frac{\tan \phi'}{F} \right)$$

$$O \quad W_d = TR + Pf$$

$$F_m = \frac{[c'l + (P - ul)\tan\phi']R}{(W \cdot d - P \cdot f)} \quad (3.12)$$

$$, \quad (E_R - E_L) = 0, \quad (X_R - X_L) = 0$$

$$F_f = \frac{[c'l + (P - ul)\tan\phi']\cos}{P \sin} \quad (3.13)$$

$$(3.11) \quad (3.13)$$

3.2.3 FELLENIUS

가

$$\sigma \quad \tau, \quad u \quad (3.14)$$

$$s = c' + (\sigma - u)\tan\phi' \quad (3.14)$$

$$\tau = S/F, \quad P = \sigma l, \quad T = \tau l \quad (3.15)$$

$$T = \frac{1}{F} [c'l + (P - ul)\tan\phi] \quad (3.15)$$

$$P = W \cos \alpha \quad (3.16)$$

$$W \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{F} [c'l + (P - ul) \tan \phi] \quad (3.16)$$

3.5 Fellenius (Fellenius, 1936)

$$(F_s)_{slope} = \frac{F}{W \sin \alpha} \quad (3.17)$$

$$(F_s)_{slope} = \frac{[c'l + (W \cos \alpha - ul) \tan \phi]}{W \sin \alpha} \quad (3.17)$$

3.2.4 BISHOP

가 가
가 .

가 가

$$X_R - X_L = 0$$

3.6 Bishop's simplified method of slices.(Bishop, 1955)

$$\sigma \quad \tau, \quad u \quad (3.18)$$

$$s = c' + (\sigma - u) \tan \phi' \quad (3.18)$$

$$\tau = S/F, \quad P = \sigma l, \quad T = \tau l \quad (3.19)$$

$$T = \frac{1}{F} [c'l + (P - ul)\tan \phi'] \quad (3.19)$$

$$P \cdot \cos \alpha + T \cdot \sin \alpha = W - (X_R - X_L) \quad (3.20)$$

, $X_R = X_L = 0$ 가 P

$$P = [W - \frac{1}{F}(c'l \sin \alpha - ul \tan \phi' \sin \alpha)] \frac{1}{m_\alpha} \quad (3.21)$$

$$, m_\alpha = \cos \alpha (1 + \tan \alpha \frac{\tan \phi'}{F})$$

3.6 O

F

$$F = \frac{\Sigma(c'l + (P - ul)\tan \phi')}{\Sigma W \sin \alpha} \quad (3.22)$$

F

F

가

가

Bishop

가

가

가

3.3

가

가

가

가

가

(Whitman & Baily, 1967 : Wright, 1975 : Chowdhury, 1975)

Whitman and Baily Duncan and Wright

1) (Log spiral, Janbu, Spencer, Morgenstern and Price)

+5%

2) Bishop

가

3) Fellenius

가

가

Whitman Baiiey (1967) 가 60%가

Fellenius

가

4) $\phi = 0$

$\phi = 0$ Fellenius , Bishop , Janbu

, Spencer , Morgenstern and Price

5)

, Chowdhury (1978)

가

가.

1) 가

2)

3)

$$F_c = F_\phi$$

4)

가

1)

2)

가

Fellenius

3)

2

3

Fellenius

가

, Janbu

Block

- 4) Fellenius
가 Bishop 가 가
- 5) Janbu
, Janbu ,
Spencer , Morgenstern and Price , Freind and krahn GLE
가 , 가
- 6) 가

2 가 .